Phase sequence monitoring relay





OVERVIEW

- Plug-in relay for monitoring the cycle direction of three phase voltages
- 1 N.O. contact
- Fixed hysteresis cycle
- Monitoring of individual phase voltages
- Operation in alternating current at industrial frequency
- Solid and rugged construction for heavy or intensive duty
- Considerable long-life
- Excellent shock and vibration resistance
- Wide range of sockets
- Retaining clip for secure locking of relay on socket
- · Positive mechanical keying for relay and socket



OKPh

APPLICATIONS













Shipbuilding

Petroleum

Heavy

Power

Power

Railway

DESCRIPTION

Relays of the OKPh series is a supervision device for monitoring the directional sequence of phases or detecting the loss of one or more voltages in three phase systems. These components are used typically for detecting faults affecting either the power supply or the sequences of the individual phases. The supervision relay can identify undervoltages on one of the 3 phases, against a fixed threshold, or detect a phase break: this advantageously prevents the risk of three phase motors operating in single phase mode. In addition, monitoring of the correct R-S-T sequence enables permanent supervision of the status of power supplies to three-phase users, and the avoidance of dangerous wrong connections. These relays are connected directly to the 400Vac three-phase power line. When system under supervision is operating correctly, the relay contact remains closed. The OKPh relay detects the direction of rotation using passive electronic components (R and C) of high quality which, in combination with the superior reliability of the electromechanical section, allow these relays to cover key roles in the systems where they are installed. The high reliability and long life expectancy of these components allow their use in particularly demanding environments such as, for example, electricity generating stations, electrical transformer stations, and industries using continuous production processes, notably drilling and refining operations in the petrochemical sector.



Models	Function Number of contacts		Rolling stock application	
OKPh	Measuring relay for monitoring phase cycle direction	1 NO (Reed)	•	

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FOR CONFIGURATION OF PRODUCT CODE, SEE "ORDERING SCHEME" TABLE

Coil data	
Nominal voltages Un	AC : 380 - 400Vac 50 - 60 Hz
Max. consumption at Un	≤ 4.5 VA
Operating range	80120% Un, 80 - 115% Un for 400Vac
Type of duty	Continuous

(1) See "Ordering scheme" table for order code.

Fixed operating thresholds			
Pick-up threshold	V > 0.80% Un		
Drop-out threshold	V ≤50% Un on 3 phases V ≤30% Un on single phase		
Frequency range	± 3%		

1	Contact data		
	Number and type Current Nominal (1)		1 NO, form A (REED)
_			4 A
Breaking capacity		Breaking capacity	120W (max.3A, max 300Vac)
	Minimum load		100mW (10V, 5mA)
	Maximum breaking voltage		300 Vac
	Contact material Operating time at Un (ms) (2)		Rh
_			
	Pick-	up (NO contact closing)	8 ms (at Un)

⁽¹⁾ Nominal current: on all contacts simultaneously.

 $^{(2) \} Unless \ specified \ otherwise, the \ operating \ time \ signifies \ until \ stabilization \ of \ the \ contact \ (including \ bounces).$

- 47	Insulation

Insulation resistance (at 500Vdc)	
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground	> 1,000 MΩ
between open contact parts	> 1,000 MΩ
Withstand voltage at industrial frequency	
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground	2 kV (1 min.) - 2.2kV (1 s)
between adjacent contacts	1 kV (1 min.) - 1.1kV (1 s)
Impulse withstand voltage (1.2/50µs - 0.5J)	
between electrically independent circuits and between these circuits and ground	5 kV
between open contact parts	2 kV

♦	Mechanical specifications	
	Mechanical life expectancy	10 ⁷ operations
Degree of protection (with relay mounted)		IP40
	Dimensions (mm)	45x45x109 ⁽¹⁾
	Weight (g)	~ 280

(1) Output terminals excluded.

Environmental specifications	
Operating temperature	-25 to + 55 °C
Rolling stock version	-25 to + 70 °C
Storage and shipping temperature	-40 to + 85 °C
Relative humidity	Standard: 80% RH, Tropicalized: 95% RH
Resistance to vibrations	5g - 10 to 55 Hz - 1min.
Resistance to shock	20g - 11ms
Fire behaviour	V0 - to EN 60695-2-10

See the "Operation" chapter of this document for more information and operating notes.



Standards and reference values



EN 61810-1, EN 61810-2, EN 61810-7 EN 60695-2-10 EN 61000 EN 60529 Electromechanical elementary relays
Fire behaviour
Electromagnetic compatibility
Degree of protection provided by enclosures

Unless otherwise specified, the products are designed and manufactured according to the requirements of the above-mentioned European and International standards. In accordance with EN 61810-1, all items of technical data are referred to ambient temperature 23 °C, atmospheric pressure 96kPa and 50% humidity.

Railways, rolling stock - Standards



EN 60077

Electric equipment for rolling stock - General service conditions and general rules
EN 50155

Electronic equipment used on rolling stock
EN 61373

Shock and vibration tests, Cat 1, Class B
EN 45545-2

Fire behaviour, Cat E10, Requirement R26, V0

ASTM E162, E662

Fire behaviour

Configurations - Options



P2

Tropicalization of coil with epoxy resin for use with 95% RH (@ T 50 °C). This treatment also protects the coil against corrosion which could occur by combination of the humidity with certain chemical agents, such as those present in acid atmospheres (typical of geothermal power stations) or saline atmospheres.

OKPh - MOK-Ph2 Ordering scheme



OKFII - MOK-FIIZ	KFII - WOK-FIIZ Orderling Scheme					
Product code	Application (1)	Configuration A	Configuration B	Type of power supply	Nominal voltage (V)	Keying position ⁽²⁾
OKPh	E: Energy R: Railway Rolling Stock	1: Standard (fixed range)	0: Standard 2: P2	A: Vac 50 Hz H: Vac 60 Hz	380 400	xxx

Example

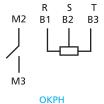
OKPh	R	1	2	н	220	
	OKPh-R12-H220 - OI	CPh relay, ROLLING	STOCK series, 220 Va	ac 60Hz coil, with P2	tropicalization treatm	ent

(1) ENERGY: all applications except for railway.

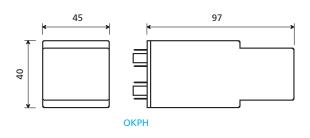
RAILWAYS, ROLLING STOCK: application on board rolling stock (rail-tram-trolley vehicles). Electrical characteristics according to EN60077.

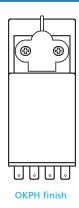
 $(2) Optional \ value. \ The \ positive \ mechanical \ keying \ is \ applied \ according \ to \ the \ manufacturer's \ model.$

Wiring diagram









Sockets and retaining clips					
Number of terminals (standard dimensions 5x0.8mm)	16	Retaining clip			
For wall or rail mounting					
Spring clamp, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting	PAIR160	RL48			
Screw, wall or DIN H35 rail mounting	48BIP20-I DIN	RL48			
Screw, wall mounting	48BL	RL48			
Double faston, wall mounting	48L	RL48			
For flush mounting					
Double faston (4.8 x 0.8 mm)	ADF2	RL48			

Installation, operation and maintenance

Installation

Before installing the relay on a wired socket, disconnect the power supply.

The preferential mounting position is on the wall, with the relay positioned horizontally in the "reading orienting" of marking so that the label is readable in the correct sense.

Spacing: the distance between adjacent relays depends on use' conditions.

If a relay is used in the "less favorable" conditions that occur with "simultaneously":

Power supply: the maximum allowed, permanently
 Ambient temperature: the maximum allowed, permanently
 Current on the contacts: the maximum allowed, permanently

• Number of contacts used: 100%

it is strongly recommended to space relay at least 5 mm horizontally and 20 mm vertically, to allow for proper upward heat' dissipation and

increase the longevity of the component.

Actually, relays could be used in less severe conditions. In this case, the distance between adjacent relays can be reduced or abolished. A correct interpretation of the use' conditions allows the optimization of the available spaces. Contact AMRA for more information.

To increase relay' longevity, we recommend mounting relays intended for "continuous use" (permanent power supply), alternating them with relays intended for less frequent use.

For a safe use, the retaining clip is recommended.

For use on rolling stock, relays have been tested to EN 61373 standard equipped with retaining clip(s).



Operation

<u>Before use:</u> if relay is not used, for example after long storage periods, contact resistance may increase due to a natural and slight oxidation or polluting deposits.

In order to restore the optimal conductivity and for standard contacts it is recommended to switch several time a load of at least 24Vdc - 0.5A.

An increase in contacts' resistance, in most cases, does not represent a problem. Many factors contribute to the correct use of contact and consequently to the relay' long-term reliability:

- Load: the current switching generates an electric arc with cleaning effects. For proper electrical cleaning and performance keeping we recommend:
 - o Standard contacts: Minimum current = 20mA (20V) o Gold plated contacts: Minimum current = 10mA (20V)
- Operating frequency: relays are components that can operate with a wide range of switching frequency. High frequency operation also allows a continuous cleaning effect by "sliding" (mechanical cleaning). In case of low frequency operation (for example few time a day), we advise:
 - o Use of contact with currents twice compared to those indicated.
 - o For currents lower than 10mA, use gold plated contacts and connect 2 contacts in parallel, in order to reduce the equivalent contact resistance
- **Pollution:** the presence of pollution can cause impurities on contact surface. Electric charges attract organic molecules and impurities that are deposited on the contact surface. Electrical and mechanical cleaning, respectively, burn and remove such impurities. In pollution presence, the minimum recommended currents must be respected. In extreme cases, provide double the cleaning current.

While a contact open high loads, impurities develop inside the relay due to the formation and interruption of the electric arc. These impurities are greater the higher the load and the more frequent the switching operation. These impurities could deposit on the adiacent contacts and alter the initial conductivity characteristics. If all contacts are used with similar loads, this is not a problem. Please, contact AMRA for further informations.

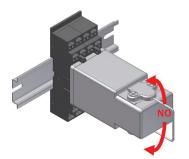
The possible formation of condensation inside the relay, when it is powered and the external ambient temperature is cold, is a normal phenomenon that has no effect on the electrical safety of the relay. In case of polluted or saline atmosphere, any condensation deposits on the contacts can degrade their performance in terms of conductivity.

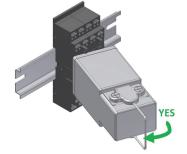
Maintenance

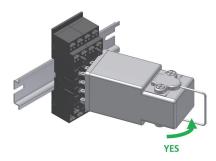
No maintenance is required.

In case of normal relay wear (reaching the end of electrical or mechanical life), the relay cannot be restored and must be replaced.

To check the component, relay removal must be carried out with slight lateral movements. An "up and down" movement can cause terminals damage.







Often the malfunctions are caused by power supply with inverted polarity, by external events or by use with loads exceeding the contact performance.

In case of suspected malfunction, energize relay and observe if mechanical operation of contacts / relay mechanism is performed. Pay attention to the power supply polarity, if relay is equipped with polarized components (example: diode, led).

- In case of expected operation, clean the contacts (see paragraph "OPERATION") and check if the circuit load ranges within the contact performance. If necessary, replace with relays with gold contacts. Note: the electrical continuity of contacts must be checked with adequate current.
- If it does not work, we recommend to use a relay of the same model and configuration.

If an investigation by AMRA is required, pull-out the relay from the socket, don't remove the cap, avoid any other manipulation and contact us. You will be asked for the following data: environmental conditions, power supply, switching frequency, contact load, number of operations performed.

The fault can be described through the "TECHNICAL SUPPORT" section of the website www.amra-chauvin-arnoux.it.

In any case, the relay cannot be repaired by the user.

Storage

Storage conditions must guarantee the environmental conditions (temperature, humidity and pollution) required for the product conservation, in order to avoid deterioration.

The product must be stored in an environment sheltered from atmospheric agents and not polluted, with an ambient temperature between -25 and +70°C with max 75% RH. In any case, there must be no condensation. Before use, please read carefully "OPERATION" section.

